STUNNING PRICES

The Watchword at

E. BAUMAN'S

I am determined to be the

In Fort Worth. Greatest Values Ever Offered!

Figured China Silk at 321-2c yard. Black Silk Grenadines at 39c yard. Silk Surahs at 28c vard.

All the above goods in the newest These are the biggest bargains shades and best qualities. Will close out at half-price.

but they must go at these prices.

1000 yards Black Lawn at 5c yard. \$1.50 Fancy Silk Grenadines at 75c yd. 1500 yds Checked Nainsook at 5c yd Finest Figured China Silk at 50c yd. \$2 Fancy Silk Grenadines at 98c yd. 65c all wool French Challie, 35c

The above prices for these good ever known, seen or heard of before, are really "giving away,"

You will always find the goods in stock as advertised, at bona due bargain prices, and our motto is: The Best Goods for the least Money.

\$1 50 Flannel Blazers at 75 each.

500 Ladies' Corsets, all sizes, at 19c each. 200 sets of Linen Collars and Cuffs at 10c a

250 ladies' Vests at 8c each, worth 20c. One lot Ombre Ladies' Vests, worth 30c, at 19c each.

All the above goods will be placed on our counters n plain figures as advertised.

000 yards French Figured Mull at 10c a yard. 250 Plaid and Pongee Silk Parasols at 75c each. 1 lot Fancy Sateen Coaching Parasols, 48c each. 2000 yards Figured Lawn at 3c a yard.

250 Ladies' Vests, pink, blue and natural, at 19c each. Don't miss this great midsummer sale. Come early

-GREAT-

Commission Embroidery

20,000 yards of Embroidery for less than importation price. It will be astonishing to our customers to buy these embroideries at such ruinous prices.

THESE REPRESENT ONLY A FEW OF THE MANY BARGAINS!

TREMENDOUS

Ziegler Bros' Ladies' \$5 Shoes at \$3.30; \$6 Shoes at \$3.85. Best Stacy & Adams or Smith & Stoughton Men's Shoes at 40 per cent reduction from regular retail prices. Men's Clothing at sacrificing prices.

Gents' Furnishing Goods at almost your own price.

TO BE SOLD AT HALF-PRICE!

75 and 50c new styles Untrimmed Hats at 25c; \$1.50, \$1.25 and \$1.00 Shapes, your choice at 50c; Lace Caps, embroidered, your choice at 25c.

ALL CARPETS SOLD

At Manufacturers' Cost Price,

At Manufacturers' Cost Price,

Sewed and laid free of charge this week only. Save money and time and buy everything an eight-page, six-column weekly.

E. BAUMAN'S

Successor to the B. C. Evans Company.

CORNER HOUSTON, FIRST AND MAIN, FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

EXCURSION to TEMPLE FORT WORTH IRON WORKS.

Don't fail to come to the Grand Celebration and Barbecue in honor of Temple's tenth birthday,

JUNE 29th, 1891 Grant And Reunion of Parsons' Brigade. Temple has a bright future. Population about 6000. Railroad

shops, machine shops, compress, ice factory, electric lights, five outlets by rail, making a railroad center, fifty to one hundred trains in and out daily, giving employment to several hundred men, with pay roll \$50,000 to \$60,000 monthly. Elevation 800 feet, situated on water shed between the Leon and Brazes rivers. The Temple City Company will

SELL .: AT .: PUBLIC .: AUCTION

Lots and blocks in the "Freeman Heights Addition," which, strictly speaking, is a reservation which would have been built up long since had the owner consented to cut it up into lots and blocks. The best residences in the city are near this property, and the farthest lots are in a few minutes' walk of the business center and overlook the whole city as well as the surrounding country from 20 to 30 miles. The sale of lots will commence at 2 p. m. on Monday, the 29th of June, 1891, on the grounds near the artesian well. Terms: One-third cash, or note and approved security, to be paid by January 1st, 1892, balance in one and two years, with interest at 8 per cent per annum.

THE TEMPLE CITY COMPANY.

By J. E. MOORE, General Manager.

SOMETHING TO READ

A New Company Formed for the Purpose of Furnishing

LITERATURE TO THE FARMERS.

Leading Alliance Members Throughout the State Get Their Heads Together.

The "Farmers' World" Will Be the New Child's Name, and June 24 Will Be Its Birthday-Articles of Agreement and Prospectus

Dallas, Tex., June 20.—The variance of opinions held by prominent members of the Farmers' Alliance of Texas and the desire to have the views of all factions represented has at last resulted in the forming of a new company for the purpose of publishing a paper in behalf of the people. The follow-ing articles of incorporation have been for-warded to Austin, and have to-day for the first time been made public. first time been made public:
Articles of incorporation of the World

Articles of incorporation of the World publishing company:

We, the undersigned subscribers to the capital stock of the World publishing company, resident citizens of the counties of Bexar, Dallas, Medina, Frio, Tarrant, Limestone, Travis, Navarro, Houston, Fre me, Robertson, Fannin, Bell, Ander-Williamson, Montague, Rockwall, in the state of Texas, do hereby associate ourselves together and form a corporation for the purpose of printing and publishing one or more newspapers, and carrying on a general printing and publishing business in the city of Dallas and at other points in the state of Texas, and availing ourselves of state of Texas, and availing ourselves of the provisions of the laws of the state of Texas in relation to the organization of corporations, do hereby adopt the following

corporations, do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation:

Article 1.—The name of said corporation shall be the World publishing company.

Art. 2.—The objects and purposes of this corporation are hereby declared to be the publishing and printing one or more newspapers and carrying on a general printing business with all things properly pertaining thereto.

Art. 3.-The business of said corporation Art. 3.—The business of said corporation shall be transacted in the city of Dallas, and at such other points in the state of Texas as may be determined by the directors, a majority of whom shall form a quorum for the transaction of business.

Art. 4.—The existence of this corporation shall date from the time of filing these articles in the office of the secretary of state, and shall remain in force for the full term of fifty (50) years.

of fifty (50) years.

Article 5. The corporate powers of said company shall be vested in a board of five directors, who shall be elected annually at the annual meeting of the stockholders in the city of Dallas. Stockholders shall be entitled to one yote for each paid up share entitled to one vote for each paid up share of stock owned by them, and may vote either in person or by written proxy. The directors shall elect a president from their own number, also a secretary and treasurer. In voting for officers and upon all questions pertaining to the management of the corporation the directors shall be entitled to one vote for each share of stock owned by them. If not present in person at meeting, they may vote for officers by written proxy. The duties and powers of the officers of the corporation shall be fixed by the directors. The following named persons shall constitute the directors for the first year: James I. Moody of Limestone county, E. Newton of Tarrant county, Sam H. Dixon of Dallas county, J. L. Good-Sam H. Dixon of Dallas county, J. L. Good-man of Robertson county, C. C. Bell of Den-

man of Robertson county, C. C. Bell of Denton county.

Article 6.—The capital stock of said corporation shall be twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), divided into five hundred (500) shares at fifty (\$50,00) dollars each. B. F. Rogers, John F. Nash of Anderson county, J. L. Goodman, W. B. Morrow, F. F. Doherty, J. T. Beasley, A. J. Manning of Robertson county, J. I. Moody of Limestone county, H. B. Beck of Travis county, C. C. Bell of Denton county, C. F. Favor. stone county, H. B. Beck of Travis county, C. C. Bell of Denton county, C. F. Favor, William H. Murray, T. M. Smith, J. B. A. Folk of Navarro county, Will L. Sargent of Stonewall county, George W. White of Freestone county, J. G. Hall of Medina county, B. H. Erskine of Frio county, Sam H. Dixon, R. M. Hudson and H. C. Davidson of Dallas county, James W. Crayton of Rockwall county, D. McCunningham of Williamson county, Elihu Newton of Tarrant county, A. V. Cagle of Montague county, George T. Murry of Parker county, R. C. Bragg of Fannin county, W. F. Murchison of Houston county, and W. C. McElwee of Bexar county.

The board of directors met here to-day and elected Hon. J. I. Moody of Limestone county president.

county president.

Hon. J. L. Goodman of Franklin, Robertson county, was elected editor of the paper. There were several names presented for the position, but Mr. Goodman was finally agreed on. He is on the field and it is understood will account.

THE PROSPECTUS. The following is contained in its pros-

pectus:
The Farmers' World will not be the organ
of any party, clique or faction, but, will be
Democratic in sentiment and will favor and 1. A reduction of the tariff to a revenue

1. A reduction of the tariff to a revenue basis and a tariff for revenue only.
2. The free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver—the money of the constitution—and such currency as may be founded thereon, as the surest, safest and most permanent settlement of the money question.
3. The election of honest, pure and incorruptible men to office and the economical administration of our national, state, county and municipal governments.

and municipal governments.

4. The uplifting and elevation of the laboring classes, by means of education, coparation, the use of labor-saving ma-

chinery, and the very latest and best meth-ods of farming.

The principles of the Alliance and Grange as originally promulgated embody these thoughts and will receive our heariy in-

word and machinists

JAPANESE

Manufacturers of the Celebrated Fort Worth Well Drilling Machinery.

Architectural Iron Work a Specialty.

H. N. CONNER & CO.,

TEXAS METHODIST DEPOSITORY

AMERICAN CHOLE SUCIETY

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.

thoughts and will receive our hearly indorsement.

The World will oppose and condemn:

1. Class legislation of every character and all attempts to engender class prejudices and array the people of our common country against each other in political organizations founded on class distinctions.

2. All attempts of any man or organization of men to hoodwink, deceive and mislead the agricultural and laboring classes for the promotion of their own selfish end, erefore, every attempt to convert the Alliance or other farmers' organizations—whose objects are in themselves commendable—into a secret political organization, enslaving the consciences and degrading the manhood of the class for whose benefit they were founded.

3. All attempts, whether by precept or example, to teach the people that the government possesses anything it did not get from them, and can by means of the subtreasury bill, attempt to create values by its flat or other impracticable or visionary schemes of finance, destroy the principles of political economy and put a single dollar into any man's pocket without an equivalent in labor.

By adhering to the old land-marks as above outlined, and in that way only will

lent in labor.

By adhering to the old land-marks as above outlined and in that way only will respectity and happiness, one to the laboring classes, and the World therefore confidently appeals to the farming and laboring classes generally, whether in or outside of existing political or labor organizations, who indorse its purposes to rally to its support.

The World publishing company is composed of the following stockholders, all of

whom are members of the Farmers' Alliance: B. F. Rogers and John F. Nash of Anderson county; J. L. Goodman. W. B. Morrow, F. F. Doherty, J. T. Beasley and A. J. Manning of Robertson county; William Henry Murray, T. M. Smith, J. B. A. Folk, Charles F. Favor of Navarro county; James I. Moody of Limestone county; C. C. Bell, Denton county; H. B. Beck and S. B. Lane, Travis county; W. P. Hancock, Bell county; Sam H. Dixon, R. M. Hadson and H. C. Darwin of Dallas county; George W. White, Freestone county; J. G. Hall, Medina county; B. H. Erskine, Frio county; James W. Crayton, Rockwall county; Dan McCunningham of Williamson county; Elihu Newton, Tarrant county; Will L. McCunningham of Williamson county; Elihu Newton, Tarrant county; Will L. Sargent, Stonewall county; A. P. Cagle, Montague county; R. C. Bragg, Fannin county; George T. Murray, Parker county; W. F. Murchison, Houston county, and W. McElwee, Bexar county.

Michiwee, Bexar county.

A CALL.

We, the undersigned members of the Farmers' Alliance of Texas, believing that the objects and purposes of the order are not being carried out by those who now control its executive machinery and state organ, and being unwilling, by silence or maction, to tacitly indorse those who abuse and misuse the trust committed to them, and who have assumed to exercise authority not delegated either by the state Alliance not delegated either by the state Alliance or the constitution of the order, hereby call a meeting of all members of the state, county or subordinate Alliances of Texas, to be composed of the following named per-

sons:

1. All members who oppose the sub-treasury bill and other like impracticable and visionary schemes of finance, and who do not indorse the efforts of certain Alliance bosses to brow-beat and drive the Democratic and independent thinking element of the order into the support of those measures.

2. All who do not indorse the conduct of the so-called legislative committee that assumed to represent the Alliance at Austin, before the last legislature, and made un-authorized demands before that body in the name of the order, and who believe that the representatives of the people are capable of guarding their interest without the intermeddling and espionage of steering com-mittee and self-constituted spies.

3. All who are willing to organize for the purpose of defeating the bargain and agreement believed to have been entered into between the representatives of the railroads and other corporate interests of this state and certain Alliance leaders, and this state and certain Alliance leaders, and which bargain is in our opinion now being carried out, whereby the vote and influence of the Alliance are to be need in defeating a fair and impartial trial of the railroad commission law, incorporated in the constitution and placed on the statutes mainly by

the vote of the agricultural classes.

4. All who are in favor of preserving the fruits of the great victory won over corporate power in the adoption of the railroad commission amendment and the enactment of the just, wise and wholesome law thereunder by the last legislature.

5. All who oppose fraud, trickery, deceit and corrupt methods within the Alliance, and who are unwilling to make the order a tool or instrument for furthering the political interests of any man or party.

6. All who favor maintaining in their original simplicity the objects and purposes of the Alliance, leaving each member to select the party of his choice as the medium through which to give expression and effect to his meitical animons.

lect the party of his choice as the medium through which to give expression and effect to his political opinions.

The meeting will be held at Fort Worth on Friday and Saturday. July 10 and 11. Reduced rates of fare will be given by the railroads and at the hotels. Eminent and distinguished Alliance speakers, at home and abroad, have been invited to be present and address the meeting, among whom are the following: Hon. W. J. Northern, governor of Georgia: Hon. M. J. Northern, governor of South Carolina; Hon. U. S. Hall, president of Missouri state Alliance; Hon. Ethel B. Wade, secretary and treasurer of Tennessee state Alliance; Hon. J. M. Beeman, Alliance-Democratic member of congress from Alabama: Hon. W. S. McAllister of Mississippi; Hon. W. L. McGaughey, commissioner of the general land office of Texas, and others. All meetings will be held with open doors, and the public are cordially invited to attend. A full programme will be issued in a few days.

R. C. Brase6.

Secretary Fannin County Alliance.

Secretary Fannin County Alliance F. F. Doherty. Secretary Robertson County Alliance. T. M. SMITH.

sistant State Lecturer. Navarro County.

TO KILL HIPPOLYTE. The Attempt to Surprise the Haytian

President on Corpus Christi

Paris, June 20.—The Haytian member here has received a letter from the Haytian secretary of state, dated from Port au Prince, saying that Corpus Christi day. May 28, President Hippolyte was attending a religious ceremony in the cathedral of Port au Prince when a band of desperadoes, headed by "an obscure general" named Sully Guerrier, attacked the prison, forced open the doors and liberated the prisoners therein confined. Gen. Sully Guerrier and his band then started for the president's palace, hoping to surprise and assassinate President Hippolyte and his cabinet ministers. The latter promptly mobilized the forces and soon managed to suppress the revolt. The leaders of the revolutionary movement were placed under arrest, and a number of their accomplices were also made prisoners. President Hippolyte led the attack upon the revolutionists on horseback, and in the Paris, June 20.-The Haytian member revolutionists on horseback, and in the midst of the hail of bullets gave proof of his extraordinary courage. Rigaud was shot after convincing proof had been furnished that he was not a French subject. The secretary of state's letter concludes with the remark that the country is now tranquil remark that the country is now tranquil

The Siecle to-day says that European cab-inets are discussing the expediency of tak-ing united action in order to restore order in Hayti.

TILLMAN TALKS.

He Says Cleveland Will Be Defeated if He is Nominated.

Special to the Gazette.

Special to the Gazette.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., June 20.—George D. Tillman, member of congress from the Second district, gives his opinion on several important national issues. As to the third party, he says it will never amount to anything in the South or anywhere else. That it was hatched under the patronage of impracticable men, a great many of whom have made a failure of everything they have ever undertaken. As to the free coinage of silver, he declares his abiding faith in the success of the measure. He thought Cleveland stood no chance at all for the nomination, and would certainly be defeated if nominated. Outside of the fact that he thought Cleveland was not the man for the office, he said that no army likes to follow a defeated general. If Campbell carried Ohio at the next election, Tillman said he would not be surprised if he should be nominated. If not, then Hill would get either New York or Ohio. Gorman came from too small a state to be nominated. As to the speakership of the next, house, he said he thought Crisp would be elected.

Will Ask to Be Reimbursed.

will Ask to Be Reimbursed.

Washington, June 20.—The North American commercial company has filed a protest with the treasury department, in which it recites that it has a right to take fur seals from the islands of St. Paul and St. George for a period of twenty years from May 1, 1890. The company has sustained a loss of \$400,000. The company submits a formal protest against the action of the United States in preventing it from

taking the quota of scalskins it had a right to take by law and by the terms of its contract, and gives notice that it will claim to be reimbursed by the United States to the full amount of loss it may sustain by reason of its being prohibited by the United States from taking its full quota of 60,000 sealskins during the year 1891.

Ruined an Insurance Company

TOPEKA, KAN., June 20 .- The Capital insurance company to-day at the request of its officers has been placed in the hands of a receiver. No statement of assets or lia-bilities can be had fer a day or two. State Insurance Commissioner Webb some time ago revoked the company's charter, but was, upon application of the company, com-pelled by the United States circuit court to restore it. That incident ruined the com-pany's credit and forced it into liquidation.

Hebrews to Celebrate.

New York, June 20.—Many prominent Hebrew-Americans met Tuesday to take action for participation in the quadri-cen-tennial of the discovery of America. The

following resolution was adopted: That the quadri-centennial of the dis-covery of this continent be marked in some appropriate manner by the Hebrews of the United States, and a committee of twenty be appointed to report at the earliest time practicable to an adjourned meeting of this assemblage what form the celebration shall assume and the mode of carrying it into effect.

A JULY STORM.

Storm Waves Throughout the Year Show Greater Energy.

ONE OF THE HOT PERIODS.

Season Dry and Wet in Spots-A Theory Promised that Will Explain all the Phenomena of Tornadoes-Draw back of Finley's Theory.

Special to the Gazette.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 20.—My last letter gave forecasts of the storm wave due to cross the continent from June 25 to 29. The next will be due to leave the Pacific coast about June 30, cross the Rocky-Allegheny valley from July 1 to 3, and reach the At-lantic coast about the 4th. There are no special features about this storm wave, ex-

special features about this storm wave, except from this on, throughout the year, all the storm waves will show increased energy. This storm will take a northern route, and the weather preceding it will be very warm, and will constitute one of the hot periods of July, but will not be of long duration. Rains will fall only in spots, and the weather will be too dry in many places for the good of the crops. More copious rains may be expected for the two weeks following July 10.

FINLEY ON TORNADOES, NO. 3.

In his book Mr. Finley points out that water is drawn out of deep wells; iron bridges lifted from stone piers while these piers are left standing; one house out of a

piers are left standing; one house out of a cluster is picked up and carried away while the others are left standing, and that feathers are all blown off of chickens with out hurting these fowls. He then declares that it is impossible for electricity to do such things. Mr. Finley correctly states the facts about these matters, but his theory as to the cause is not backed up by sound reasoning.

It is difficult to understand how wind or air by suction can be made to draw water out of any well and it is impossible for suc-tion to draw water more than thirty-three feet. Before suction can draw water from even a shallow well the air must be left free to rush down into the well as rapidly as the water is drawn out, and the front of a tornado funnel would need to be very nicely adjusted to enter a cistern through an eighteen-inch opening at the top, reach-ing the water with its suction so as to leave space around the tornado funnel for the air to go down into the well. If the tornado nouth of the well so as to draw all the atmosphere out of it the water would not folmosphere out of it the water would not fol-low, for it requires the weight of the at-mosphere on the water outside of the fun-nel or pump tube to force the water up through the latter. But we know that the earth is charged with electricity, that elec-tricity will lift and convey water, and it is not difficult to understand that if the moving force of a tornado is a current of elec-tricity that current is competent to carry the water out of the well as it streams

forth from the ground.

But a still greater drawback to Mr. Finley's theory is that many cases are on record where the tornadoes have carried all the water out of wells more than thirty-three feet deep. How is he going to make suction do such work?

What is the best deep to the thirty three feet deep.

three feet deep. How is ne going to make suction do such work?

Why do iron bridges go from their stone piers in a tornado without lifting the stones of the piers? Because electricity takes hold of iron more readily than of stone. In tornadoes the bells of school houses and churches are the first to go, and in the 1886 tornado at Kansas City, Mo., where so many children were killed, the iron beams supporting the bell were thrown from the school house, and the mechanics testified that this appeared to be the only cause of the destruction to the building. The wind alone theory will not explain this, while electricity alone answers every demand.

Can it be possible that wind alone can completely strip the feathers from a chicken and not hurt the fowl? Never: but it is possible for electricity to do this. Place a man or a woman on an insulated stool so that the electricity will not pass through the body to the earth and then heavily charge the body with electricity and every hair of the head, even a woman's long hair, will stand out like iron spikes or the sized hair of the Circasian show girl. No doubt if the electric charge should be increased it would drive every hair out of the head, and this is the reason that so many chickens are stripped of their feathers by tornadoes.

On page 97 of his book Mr. Finley relates that geraniums in pots were carried a mile by a tornado without injury to the plants. How could wind do this? Even suction would nave demolished them, for suction is a push from behind by incoming water or atmospheric pressure, and therefore the same as wind, and how could wind with

a push from behind by incoming water or atmospheric pressure, and therefore the same as wind, and how could wind with sufficient force to carry these plants a mile do so without breaking a twig? To evade such entanglements. Mr. Finley misstates a fact as to electricity. He says: "A magnet will only manifest its force in the presence of bodies capable of being magnetized." It is true that magnets will not attract such bodies, but they will repei them and electricity will enter and atomize any kind of matter. Pith balls—the pith of cornstalks or elder—are not capable of being magnetized, but if hung in a cluster will fly asunder when electricity is introduced among them. Feathers do not conduct electricity, and I will guarantee that all the feathers can be driven from a chicken by feathers can be driven from a chicken by charging its body with a strong current of

electricity.

After showing up some of the failures of the wind theory. I will take up the other side and introduce to my readers a theory that will better explain all the phenomena of tornadoes.

W. T. FOSTER.

Charged With Incest-Allowed Bail. Special to the Gazette.

Special to the Gazette.

Paris, Tex., June 20.—John Ball and Robert Boutwell have been allowed bail at \$3000 each, and think they can make their bonds. They are the men convicted of the murder of J. F. Box and sentenced to death, but whose sentence was reversed by the supreme court of the United States.

Miss D. S. Newcomb, who is charged with incest with her uncle, Dr. Newcomb, was placed in jail here yesterday.

LOWE'S STATEMENT.

The Manager of the Newses Changes Answers.

THAT \$12,000 ASSESSMENT.

It Was in the Agreement of the Texas Traffic Association Made at New Orleans.

Never Heard that Any Money was Appropriated by the Texas Association to Pay for Ads in the Post or Gazette.

The Major's Figures. Special to the Gazette

GALVESTON, TEX., June 19.-Following is the statement of Maj. R. G. Lowe before the International and Great Northern in-

vestigating committee: I wish to make a statement with regard to my testimony delivered on Wednesday. As it appears in the News-I find there the question put to me by Mr. Duncan: "Do you know anything about the resolution passed by the board of that association in New Orleans, in which the railroads were assessed a certain amount, I will name \$12,000, to be appropriated to the advertis-ing of the different roads, a proportionate amount to each road!"

Answer—"I do not."

I now desire to change that, to say that

In another portion of the testimony re-ferring to what Mr. Newman said, the question was asked: "He referred you to the Texas traffic association and said that the Texas traffic association and said that the matter would be taken up by the Texas traffic association and they would arrange for the advertisement. Did you have any correspondence with Mr. Waldo?"

A.—"No."

I now desire to say yes.

This question was also asked: "Did your paper have any correspondence with Mr. Waldo concerning the advertising for the Texas traffic association? "None whatever. I met Mr. Waldo

I desire to change that to yes. My reason for this statement is, that on returning to the News office yesterday, in conversation with the secretary of the A. H. Belo & Co. corporation, Mr. Dealey, who keeps the records of the office, I men-tioned to him something of my testimony something of the questions and my answers; and among other things I mentioned a resolution which was passed by the traffic association at New Orleans. He said we had the resolution on file at the office. When he said that it was here, I asked him to produce it, and he submitted it with

THIS LETTER FROM MR. WALDO.

Mr. Duncan—I would like to see the letter first so that we can inspect it. The letter was handed to Mr. Duncan, who carefully examined the same. It was with the resolution passed to the witness and read by him and admitted in the evidence. him, and admitted in the evidence

The witness stated the date of the con-tract was January 1, 1889, and the date of the letter was February 15, 1889.

Question—"Anything more"

Answer—"Yes, sir, touching the inquiry made on yesterday."

made on yesterday."

Q.—Did you not have a bill against the Missouri, Kansas and Texas for the same sum of money as that submitted to the receivers, and was not that a part of the assessment that had been made upon this company by the Traffic association, and did that not refuse to nav? they not refuse to pay?

A.—Whatever contract was carried with the pecivers of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas was made directly with them. I do not know the course of collecting or how the bills were referred or when paid. I never heard of it, but I gather in relation to it from the books of our company the first payment was made on March 18, 1889, \$130; March 31, \$120; June 12, \$240; July 1, \$130; August 5, \$120; Soutember, 17, \$130.

\$120; August 5, \$120; September 17, \$120; September 27, \$120; November 21, \$120; November 28, \$120; February 28, 1890, \$240; making a total of \$1440. They did not com mence advertising, I think, until about the 1st of February, the copy not being sent down before that time. Q.—You had no difficulty in collecting the accounts?

A.—No. The letters were sent by the secretary of our corporation. I was not aware myself of it. I do not attend to the collections of the office. The letter con-

taining the accounts was referred to the general passenger agent. Mestier, who had not been informed. I understand, of the contracts authorized by the receivers, and some delay occurred.

I now desire to state the figures in re

sponse to your inquiries of yesterday as to the business of the roads with the News. The statement includes special notices and advertisements, as well as the standing advertisement. My desire is to submit to the committee what I believe was asked for, THE TRUTH, THE VERY TRUTH.

I desire to submit to the committee a statement of the business of the News with the railroads for the year previous to 1889, so as to show relatively what amount was carried that year. My purpose is to show that the News has been conducting railroad advertising for a series of years and that the business has been managed in the ordinary way that the business of other persons and corporations has been managed. We were and are prepared to contract with any organization of a legitimate purpose for all advertising which is recognized as desired by all professional and non-professional people. The witness then submitted a statement showing the total amount the News had received from the various railways of the state for the years 1888 and '89, were as follows. In 1888 the amount was I desire to submit to the committee a state ways of the state for the years 1888 and 33, were as follows. In 1888 the amount was \$9003.34. For 1889 it was \$12,390.34. For 1890 it was \$9927.32, and for the five months beginning January I, to May 31, 1891, it was \$3941.80. The witness stated that the books of A. H. Belo & Co. were subject to inspection of the committee for verification of these flemess or for the committee. of these figures or for any other purpose in connection with this inquiry. The roads advertising in the News were the Southern Pacific railway, the International and Great Northern railway, the St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas railway, the St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas railway, the St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas railway, the Fort Worth and Denver railway, the Houston and Texas Central railway, the San Antonio and Aran-West Texas railway, the Houston, East and West Texas railway, the St. Louis and San Francisco railway, the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railway and the Texas and Pacific

railway.

In reply to Mr. Duncan—The witness did not know whether other papers carried advertisements of the roads or not. HE READ SOME OF THEM.

He believed the Houston Post and Fort Worth GAZETTE carry their advertisements.

Worth GAZETTE carry their advertisements.

He never heard that any money was appropriated by the Texas traffic association for the Post or GAZETTE.

I testified that prior to the organization of the traffic association we had advertising arrangements with Mr. Newman, representing the Southwestern railroad system. The Missouri Pacific system paid for the advertising of the International and Great Northern in 1888. In 1883 it paid about \$2000.

Was that more than the other roads

The witness replied the figures are before you, I refer you to them.

Gen. Robertson, you say you had contracted with Mr. Eddy for the year 1889?

A.—That contract, I stated, was never alread.

aigned.

Q.—Under the contract between you and the International and Great Northern they paid you \$1300 for the year?

A.—They paid us \$1440. The matter of the \$1200 was deferred, as I have stated, by the receivers. I only referred to the first

[Continued on Eleventh Page.]